**REVIEW WEEK 6 – GRADE 11  
(From 20th April to 25th April)**

**Unit 8. OUR WORLD HERITAGE SITES**

**PART 1: LANGUAGE FOCUS**

**A. VOCABULARY**

abundant /əˈbʌndənt/ (adj) dồi dào, nhiều

acknowledge /əkˈnɒlɪdʒ/ (v) chấp nhận, công nhận, thừa nhận

archaeological /ˌɑːkiəˈlɒdʒɪkl/ (adj) thuộc về khảo cổ học

authentic /ɔːˈθentɪk/ (adj) thật, thực

breathtaking /ˈbreθteɪkɪŋ/ (adj) đẹp đến ngỡ ngàng

bury /ˈberi/ (v) chôn vùi, giấu trong lòng đất

cave /keɪv/ (n) hang động

citadel /ˈsɪtədəl/ (n) thành trì (để bảo vệ khỏi bị tấn công)

complex /ˈkɒmpleks/ (n) quần thể, tổ hợp

comprise /kəmˈpraɪz/ (v) bao gồm, gồm

craftsman /ˈkrɑːftsmən/ (n) thợ thủ công

cruise /kruːz/ (n) chuyến du ngoạn trên biển

cuisine /kwɪˈziːn/ (n) cách thức chế biến thức ăn, nấu nướng

decorate /ˈdekəreɪt/ (v) trang trí

demolish /dɪˈmɒlɪʃ/ (v) đổ sập, đánh sập

distinctive /dɪˈstɪŋktɪv/ (adj) nổi bật, rõ rệt, đặc trưng

dome /dəʊm/ (n) mái vòm

dynasty /ˈdɪnəsti/  (n) triều đại

emerge /iˈmɜːdʒ/ (v) trồi lên, nổi lên

emperor /ˈempərə(r)/ (n) đế vương, nhà vua

endow /ɪnˈdaʊ/ (v) ban tặng

excavation /ˌekskəˈveɪʃn/ (n) việc khai quật

expand /ɪkˈspænd/ (v) mở rộng

fauna /ˈfɔːnə/ (n) hệ động vật

flora /ˈflɔːrə/ (n) hệ thực vật

geological /ˌdʒiːəˈlɒdʒɪkl/ (a) thuộc về địa chất

grotto /ˈɡrɒtəʊ/ (n) hang động

harmonious /hɑːˈməʊniəs/ (a) hài hòa

heritage /ˈherɪtɪdʒ/ (n) di sản

imperial /ɪmˈpɪəriəl/ (a) thuộc về hoàng tộc

in ruins / ɪn ˈruːɪn/ (idiom) bị phá hủy, đổ nát

intact /ɪnˈtækt/ (a) nguyên vẹn, không bị hư tổn  
irresponsible /ˌɪrɪˈspɒnsəbl/ (a) thiếu trách nhiệm, vô trách nhiệm  
islet /ˈaɪlət/ (n) hòn đảo nhỏ

itinerary /aɪˈtɪnərəri/ (n) lịch trình cho chuyến đi

landscape /ˈlændskeɪp/ (n) phong cảnh ( thiên nhiên)

lantern /ˈlæntən/ (n) đèn lồng

limestone /ˈlaɪmstəʊn/ (n) đá vôi

magnificent /mæɡˈnɪfɪsnt/ (a) tuyệt đẹp

masterpiece /ˈmɑːstəpiːs/ (n) kiệt tác

mausoleum  /ˌmɔːsəˈliːəm/ (n) lăng mộ

mosaic /məʊˈzeɪɪk/ (adj) khảm, chạm khảm

mosque /mɒsk/ (n) nhà thờ Hồi giáo

outstanding /aʊtˈstændɪŋ/ (adj) nổi bật, xuất chúng

picturesque /ˌpɪktʃəˈresk/ (adj) đẹp, gây ấn tượng mạnh

poetic /pəʊˈetɪk/ (adj) mang tính chất thơ ca

preserve /prɪˈzɜːv/ (v) bảo tồn

preservation /ˌprezəˈveɪʃn/ (n) việc bảo tồn

relic /ˈrelɪk/ (n) cổ vật

respectively /rɪˈspektɪvli/ (adv) theo thứ tự lắn lượt

royal /ˈrɔɪəl/ (adj) thuộc về nhà vua, hoàng gia  
sanctuary /ˈsæŋktʃuəri/ (n) thánh địa, địa điểm thẩn thánh

scenic /ˈsiːnɪk/ (adj) có cảnh quan đẹp

subsequent /ˈsʌbsɪkwənt/ (adj) tiếp theo, kế tiếp

tomb /tuːm/ (n) lăng mộ

worship /ˈwɜːʃɪp/ (n) thờ cúng, tôn thờ

**B. GRAMMAR: PARTICIPLE AND TO - INFINITIVE CLAUSES  
*1. Hiện tại phân từ (V-ing) được dùng khi động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể chủ động.***- Nếu động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể chủ động (active), ta dùng hiện tại phân từ (V-ing) thay cho mệnh đề đó.

- Cách thực hiện:

who

N + which + V (active)

that

who

N + which + V-ing

that

Ex: Do you know the boy who broke the windows last night?

* Do you know the boy **breaking** the windows last night?

***2. Quá khứ phân từ (PII) được dùng khi động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể bị động.***

- Nếu động từ trong mệnh đề quan hệ ở thể bị động (passive), ta dùng quá khứ phân từ (PII) thay cho mệnh đề đó.

- Cách thực hiện:

who

N + which + V (passive)

that

who

N + which + PII

that

Ex: The vegetables which are sold in this supermarket are grown without chemicals.

* The vegetables **sold** in this supermarket are grown without chemicals.

***3. Động từ nguyên thể có “to” (to V) được sử dụng sau: the first, the second, etc, the next, the last, the only và đôi khi dùng sau cấp so sánh nhất.***

***first***

***second***  ***who***

**The *last + (N) + which + V***

***only that***

**…**

***Superlatives***

***first***

***second***  ***who***

**The *last + (N) + which + to V***

***only that***

***…***

***Superlatives***

Ex: Tom is the last person who enters the room

* Tom is the last person **to enter** the room.

**PART II: PRACTICE**

**A. PHONETICS**

***I. Choose the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.***

1. A.authentic B. acknowledge C. abundant D. apprentice

2. A. masterpiece B. archaeological C. harmonious D. intact

3. A. complex B. demolish C. mausoleum D. grotto

4. A. islet B. social C. sanctuary D. craftsman

5. A. limestone B. comprise C. itinerary D. distinctive

***II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.***

1. A. inaccurate B. illegal C. positive D. domestic

2. A. confident B. eternal C. dangerous D. heritage

3. A. independent B. academic C. compulsory D. unexpected

4. A. secondary B. immediate C. miraculous D. imperial

5. A. flora B. endow C. grotto D. bury

**B. VOCABUALRY AND GRAMMAR**

***I. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.***

1. I'd like to book a room with a/an \_\_\_\_ of the sea.

A. outlook B. sight C. view D. scenery

2. When I'm on holiday, I enjoy \_\_\_\_.

A. getting sunburnt B. getting sunstroke C. having a sunbath D. sunbathing

3. The most popular destinations for \_\_\_\_ holidays are Spain, Italy, and Greece.

A. charter B. package C. packed D. packet

4. When you are staying at a popular resort, there are plenty of \_\_\_\_ to go on.

A. excursions B. expeditions C. pilgrimages D. sightseeing

5. One day when I'm rich and famous, I'm going to go on a round-the-world \_\_\_\_.

A. cruise B. sail C. self-catering D. survival

6. You can save money by choosing a \_\_\_\_ holiday.

A. do-it-yourself B. self-catering C. self-study D. survival

7. My favourite part of England is Cornwall. There's some absolutely beautiful \_\_\_\_ there.

A. nature B. signs C. scenery D. views

8. The only thing \_\_\_\_\_ at the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty is the stone walls.

A. to see B. seeing C. Sees D. see

9. There's a path that \_\_\_\_ out of the village to a beautiful 14th-century church.

A. follows B. moves C. takes D. leads

10. Costa Rica is one of the most beautiful places I have ever visited. Wherever you go, you can see the \_\_\_\_ of volcanoes, some of which are still alive.

A. tops B. heads C . mouths D. ends

11. Most tourists like buying clothes, lanterns, and other handicrafts \_\_\_\_ by the local craftmen in Hoi An.

A. to make B. made C. making D. make

12. The Complex of Hue Monuments was the first site in Vietnam \_\_\_\_\_ as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO.

A.to be recognized B. be recognizing C. recognizes D. recognize

13. The travel agent wasn't to \_\_\_\_ for the overbooking.

A. accuse B. charge C. blame D. claim

14. When I worked as a waiter, the hotel manager found \_\_\_\_ with everything I do.

A. blame B. complaint C. fault D. criticism

15. Near the White House is another famous landmark \_\_\_\_\_ the Washington Monument.

A. is which B. which call C. called D. it is called

16. Although some of the structures are now \_\_\_\_, most of the significant existing monuments have been partially restored.

A. in danger B. at risk C. in ruins D. at war

17. Captain Cook discovered Australia on a \_\_\_\_ to the Pacific.

A. voyage B. cruise C. travel D. tour

18. My Son Sanctuary is an area \_\_\_\_\_ with Hindu-like architecture and art.

A. covering B. covered C. which covered D. to cover

19. To plant rice, farmers, \_\_\_\_\_\_, set young plants in the mud.

A. they wade with bare feet in the water

B. who water wading in their bare feet

C. wading in the water with their bare feet

D. whose bare feet wading in the water

20. Passengers requiring a special meal during the flight should inform the airline in \_\_\_\_.

A. ahead B. advance C. front D. forward

21. A fine tomb, \_\_\_\_\_, marks the grave of the poet Chaucer.

A. which in the fifteenth century was erecting

B. erected in the fifteenth century

C. erecting in the fifteenth century

D. being erected in the fifteenth century

22. I live in a pleasant room \_\_\_\_ the garden.

A. overlook B. to overlook C. overlooking D. overlooked

23. The distinction of the Khai Dinh Tomb is the unique architecture \_\_\_\_\_ the art of Rococo and the Vietnamese style.

A. combine B. to be combined C. combining D. which combine

24. The monuments of My Son are the most important constructions of the Champa Kingdom, \_\_\_\_\_ on the coast of Central Vietnam from the 4th to the 13th centeries.

A. to flourish B. flourished C. flourishing D. to be flourished

25. Known as 'Ha Long Bay on Land', Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex is famous for its mountains, caves, and archaeological \_\_\_\_.

A. excavations B. sites C. relics D. heritages

***II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)in each of the following questions.***

1. The balance and **harmonious** blending of various elements contribute to Taj Mahal's unique beauty.

A. successful B. agreeable C. tasteful D. fitting

2. In addition to exploring the caves and grottos, and seeing its **flora and fauna**, visitors can also enjoy mountain climbing.

A. flowers and plants B. plants and animals

C. plants and vegetation D. flowers and grass

3. Ha Long Bay has attracted millions of visitors who come to enjoy its **breathtaking** views and experience other activities.

A. unbreathable B. heartbreaking C. awe-inspiring D. unforgettable

4. Most of the Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was **demolished** in the early 20th century.

A. rebuilt B. pulled down C. put up D. pulled up

5. Recognised as a World Heritage Site in 1983, the Taj Mahal Complex, including the tomb, mosque, guest house, and main gate, has preserved the **original** qualities of the buildings.

A. initial B. ancient C. unique D. perfect

***III. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

1. Though built almost five hundred years ago, the church remained practically **intact**.

A. in perfection B. in ruins C. in chaos D. in completion

2. Tourists can do and see a lot in Ha Long Bay at a **reasonable** price.

A. inexpensive B. affordable C. cheap D. exorbitant

3. The major stone sections of the Citadel of the Ho Dynasty remain intact thanks to the **unique** construction techniques.

A. special B. common C. excellent D. ancient

4. The Imperial Citadel of Thang Long was first built during the Ly Dynasty and then expanded by **subsequent** dynasties.

A. following B. successive C. preceding D. next

5. Visitors with more **abundant** travel budgets can enjoy the comfort of five-star hotels and luxury cruise ships.

A. huge B. plentiful C. mean D. tight

**C. READING**

***I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.***

**TOURISM**

Tourism is a big business. Millions of people around Europe spend their winters planning their destinations for the following summer, and their summers (1) \_\_\_\_ to foreign climes for two weeks in the sun. They are the modern-day descendants of the aristocrats and the wealthy who would (2) \_\_\_\_ months to complete the “Grand Tour” of Europe. But unlike their forefathers, tourists these days get a bad press. They're not (3) \_\_\_\_ in the local culture, we're (4) \_\_\_\_; they're just after the chance to behave a bit more wildly than they do at home. What's more, they damage the local environment and don't respect the locals and their (5) \_\_\_\_ of life.

But are tourists really to (6) \_\_\_\_? Or is it the (7) \_\_\_\_ of the tourist industry, which has (8) \_\_\_\_ to provide reasonably-priced alternatives? And if the local resort only offers a succession of bars for the tourists to visit, can we really (9) \_\_\_\_ them for not doing more cultural activities?

One holiday company, Far and Away, (10) \_\_\_\_ that tourists are crying out for more cultural holidays and believes that it has (11) \_\_\_\_ to come up with a range of package holidays which are affordable, culturally interesting, and environmentally friendly. Their brochure, which is to be (12) \_\_\_\_ later this month, offers 200 holidays based on cultural themes, including history and architecture, learning the language, meeting the locals.

1. A taking away B. moving away C. taking off D. jetting off

2. A. spend B. make C. take D. pass

3. A. devoted B. eager C. keen D. interested

4. A. told B. informed C. convinced D. said

5. A. way B. manner C. standard D. means

6. A. criticise B. fault C. blame D. accuse

7. A. criticism B. fault C. blame D. accusation

8. A. avoided B. lost C. missed D. failed

9. A. accuse B. charge C. criticise D. arrest

10. A. claims B. mentions C. informs D. persuades

11. A. succeeded B. managed C . achieved D. resulted

12. A. brought up B. brought out C. brought off D. brought around

***II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

One of the seven wonders of the ancient world, the Great Pyramid of Giza was a monument of wisdom and prophecy built as a tomb for Pharaoh Cheops in 2720 B.C. Despite its antiquity, certain aspects of its construction make it one of the truly great wonders of the world. The thirteen-acre structure near the Nile River is a solid mass of stone blocks covered with limestone. Inside are a number of hidden passageways and the burial chamber for the Pharaoh. It is the largest single structure in the world. The four sides of the pyramid are aligned almost exactly on true north, south, east, and west – an incredible engineering feat. The ancient Egyptians were sun worshipers and great astronomers, so computations for the Great Pyramid were based on astronomical observations.

Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal many intersecting lines. Further scientific study indicates that these represent a type of timeline of events – past, present, and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found to coincide with known facts of the past. Others are **prophesied** for future generations and are currently under investigation. Many believe that pyramids have supernatural powers, and this one is no exception. Some researchers even associate it with extraterrestrial beings of the ancient past. Was this superstructure made by ordinary beings, or one built by a race far superior to any known today?

1. What is the best title for the passage?

A. Symbolism of the great pyramid

B. Problems with the Construction of the Great Pyramid

C. Wonders of the Great Pyramid of Giza

D. Exploration of the Burial Chamber of Cheops

2. Why was the Great Pyramid constructed?

A. As a solar observatory

B. As a religious temple

C. As a tomb for the pharaoh

D. As an engineering feat

3. On what did the ancient Egyptians base their calculations?

A. Observation of the celestial bodies

B. Advanced technology

C. Advanced tools of measurement

D Knowledge of the earth’s surface

4. What has research of the base revealed?

A. There are cracks in the foundation

B. Tomb robbers have stolen the pharaoh’s body

C. The lines represent important events

D. A superior race of people built it.

5. The word "**prophesied**” in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.

A. affiliated B. precipitated C. terminated D. foretold

6. Extraterrestrial beings are \_\_\_\_.

A. very strong workers B. astronomers in the ancient times

C. researchers in Egyptology D. living beings from other planets

**D. WRITING**

***Rewrite the following sentences using present participle, past participle or to-infinitive.***

1. Maxicorp were the only company which replied my letter.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Do you know the man who is talking to my father?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Applications which were sent after 23rd will not be considered.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. We have a lot of exercises which we have to do tonight.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. Studies of her son are the most important thing that she cares about.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. The equipment which belongs to the club is insured.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. George is the first person that we will interview.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. Meetings which are held every month are called monthly meetings.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. The most excellent students who were rewarded the scholarship would have a two-week holiday in Vung Tau.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. The trees which were planted last week are growing well.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**- THE END -**